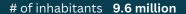


REsilienT water gOvernance Under climate CHange within the WEFE NEXUS







Surface area 91 248 km2

GDP per capita 77 pps [1]

Significant bodies of **Danube** water (RBDs)

> Polity unitary State organised on a decentralised basis

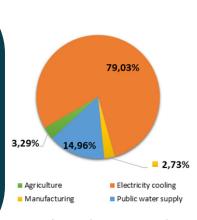
Layers of government central government; 19 counties; 3 175 municipalities

Legislative powers at No the sub-national level

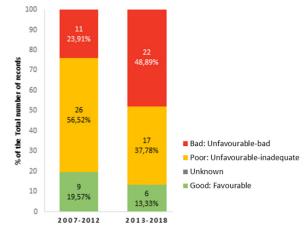
Decentralisation index 1.4 (21 out of 27) [2]

Index plus (WEI+)

Water Exploitation 1.19% (2017) [3]



Water abstraction per sector in Hungary - Source: EEA (2022)



Conservation status for habitats in 2007-2012 and 2013-2018 in Hungary - Source: EEA (2021)



Water bodies with less than good ecological status in Hungary - Source: EEA (2021)

# Main actors responsible for WEFE nexus relevant governance

## **NEXUS PILLARS**

### **POLICY MAKING**

### **POLICY EXECUTION**

Ministry of the Interior; Rural Development Ministry; General Directorate of Water Management

Regional Water Directorates; counties; municipalities

躇 Energy

🐪 **W** ater

Ministry of National Development; Ministry of Innovation and Technology

State Secretariat for climate and energy policy; municipalities

**≠**Food

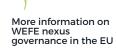
Ministry of Agriculture

municipalities

\*\*\*Ecosystems

Ministry of Agriculture

municipalities



- [1] EU purchasing power standard
- [2] https://portal.cor.europa.eu/divisionpowers/Pages/Decentralization-Index.aspx
- [3] The threshold for water scarcity is set at > 20%
- [4] https://una.city/nbs/gyor/moson-danube-complex-project
- [5] https://una.city/nbs/gyor/nagy-pandzsa-project-flood-protection
- [6] https://www.grasslandlifeip.hu/en

# WEFE NEXUS PERSPECTIVE

# **CHALLENGES**

- Establish conservation objectives and measures for all Natura 2000 sites
- · Decrease the pressure on habitats and species, in particular from agriculture
- · Resolve issues concerning the quality of drinking water
- Improve wastewater treatment infrastruct<u>ure</u>
- Support ecosystem services assessment and accounting

# **OPPORTUNITIES**

- Hungary has adopted its 3rd national biodiversity strategy in August 2023
- · Two river restoration projects in the Mosoni-Danube River area[4] and Nagy-Pándzsa[5] are applying nature-based solutions to reduce flood risks and improve ecology
- Hungary has developed an online national ecosystem map that is publicly available and an assessment of 12 ecosystem services
- In 2019, the LIFE-integrated project GRASSLAND[6] started aiming to improve the conservation status of grasslands and related species.
- · Hungary is participating in several projects to strengthen water monitoring



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